GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO:183
ANSWERED ON:29.07.2016
Vector Borne Diseases
Kesineni Shri Srinivas;Singh Shri Lallu

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of cases of vector borne diseases especially dengue and malaria reported including loss of human lives during the last three years and the current year in the country, State/UT-wise;

(b) whether the Government proposes to launch any National programme in Public Private Partnership mode to prevent and control the vector borne diseases particularly dengue and malaria so as to make India free from these diseases;

(c) if so, the details thereof along with the funds allocated and released for the implementation of the programmes/ schemes for vector borne diseases during the last three years and the current year;

(d) whether the Government provides funds to the Urban Local Bodies directly to take preventive steps such as control of mosquito breeding, etc., and if so, the details thereof; and

(e) the other specific steps being taken to contain vector borne diseases?

Answer

ANSWER
THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
(SHRI JAGAT PRAKASH NADDA)

(a) to (e): A statement is laid on the Table of the House

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO LOK SABHA
STARRED QUESTION NO. 183* FOR 29TH JULY, 2016

(a): The State/UT-wise cases and deaths due to Malaria, Dengue, Chikungunya, Japanese Encephalitis (JE) and Kala-azar during the last three years and the current year are at Annexure-I, II, III, IV & V and the same is summarized year-wise as under:

Year	Malaria		Kala-azar		Dengue		Chikungunya***		JE	
	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Deaths	Cases	Cases	Deaths	
2013	881,730	440	13,869	20	75,808	193	18,840	1,086	202	
2014	1,102,205	562	9,241	11	40,571	137	16,049	1,661	293	
2015	1,126,661	287	8,243	5	99,913	220	27,553	1,731	291	
2016	249,277*	57*	2,943*	0*	13663**	21**	8659**	377**	70**	

*Provisional (Till June)
**Provisional (Till 24th July)
***Death due to Chikungunya has not been reported in India.

(b) & (c) No such plan is currently under consideration. However, under the Public Private Partnership (PPP) mode, the following have been initiated:

â€¢ M/s Sun Pharma in collaboration with the Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) has agreed to implement Joint Malaria Elimination Demonstration Project which would also include research in Mandla district, Madhya Pradesh. The goal of the project is to eliminate Malaria in the Mandla district and prevent re-introduction of Malaria through PPP.
â€¢ Tata Trusts has signed MoU with the Odisha Government, in 2016 to achieve elimination of Malaria. As per the MoU, Tata Trusts is undertaking mass screenings twice a year in 557 villages in five selected blocks namely Bissamcuttack and Muniguda blocks of Rayagada district; Lanjigarh, and Thuamulrampur blocks of Kalahandi district; and Kotgarh block of Kandhamal district in southern Odisha.

In the above projects, the private sector partner is filling up the gaps in programme implementation. No allocation is made under Public Private Partnership.

(d) For prevention and control of vector borne diseases, the Central Government doesn't provide funds to Urban Local Bodies directly.

The same is provided through the State Governments.

(e) The following steps have been taken for the containment of the vector borne diseases:

â€¢ Advisories to State Government/UTs on prevention and control of vector borne diseases have been issued since January 2016 from time to time. In total, ten advisories from Secretary/ Additional Secretary to Chief Secretary/Principal Secretary of all the States/UTs have been issued.
â€¢ National Framework for Malaria Elimination launched on 11.02.2016.
â€¢ Operational Guidelines for Malaria Elimination and Manual on Integrated Vector Management (IVM) shared with the States.
â€¢ Three Video conferences have been held. One at the level of Union Minister for Health and Family Welfare with State Health Ministers/Senior officers of 11 State Governments, one at the level of Secretary (H&FW) with Senior State Government officers and one at the level of Director (National Vector Borne Diseases Control Programme) with State Programme Officers to review the progress of vector control activities and preparedness for prevention and control of dengue, malaria and JE.
â€¢ Training and involvement of Accredited Social Health Activists (ASHAs) for prevention and control of VBDs.
â€¢ Focused IEC/BCC activities are carried out at National and State Level with media mix strategies focusing on source reduction and personal protective measures.
â€¢ A user friendly Dengue App "India Fights Dengue" has been launched by HFM, on 7th April, 2016.
â€¢ National Dengue Day has been observed on 16th May 2016 throughout the country.
â€¢ Periodic field visits by central teams to provide supportive supervision and technical guidance to states.

â€¢ Single-day Single-dose Injection Ambisome introduced for treatment of Kala-Azar.
â€¢ Use of Synthetic Pyrethroid and Hand Compressor Pumps for Indoor Residual Spray (IRS) in Kala-azar affected areas for vector control.
â€¢ JE vaccination in 197 districts for prevention and control of the disease.
â€¢ A total of 7.24 million Long Lasting Insecticidal Nets (LLINs), which is an effective tool to prevent malaria, has been distributed to North East States and 5 million nets have been ordered for other States.